

THE "SILENT" YEARS

How the time between the Old and New Testament shaped the world of Jesus

Participant Guide

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Instructor: Matt Bell mattbellGR@gmail.com

DIASPORA

•_____ Or _____

•Refers to Jews living _____ of the _____.

•By the time of Jesus, there were ____as many Jews living outside of Israel as were living in it.

•They mainly spoke _____ and not Hebrew

•A Jewish Diaspora spread all over the Greek and Roman worlds, where synagogues attracted Gentile "_____"

•The Greek historian, Strabo (64 BC - AD24) said that it was hard to find a city where Jews had not settled.

AM HA 'ARETZ

- " "
- Common Jewish people (some religious, some not)
- In Jesus' day, some were not overly concerned with ______
 - _____ (Jew by _____ but not by _____)
- Some would even say they were "intentionally careless" about following Torah
- Luke 15:1-2 may represent this group
- After the time of Jesus, the term became an insult for someone who is ______

HERODIANS

- _____ party (not religious group)
- Supporters of the _____ dynasty
- Sympathized with the policy of government of Herod and the social customs of Rome
- Aligned with ______ in submitting to Rome and supporting the Herods on the throne.

SAMARITANS

- Israelite survivors of the _____ (722 BC) who intermarried with imported foreigners.
- Never reintegrated with Judah (southern Kingdom)
- Built their own temple on ______, which caused further disdain from the Jews.
- · Samaritan temple destroyed by the Jews (Hyrcanus) in 128 BC
- Bible was _____ (Gen-Deut)
- In the time of Jesus, the Jews and Samaritans had a ______ for one another.

SADDUCEES

•One of two main parties in the time of Jesus

•Made up of _____

party in charge of the _____

•_____ chosen from the Sadducees

•Dominant party of the _____ (Jewish ruling council)

•_____ by most Jews (no influence)

•Sought to stay on Rome's good side (_____)

•TEACHINGS OF THE SADDUCEES

•Religiously conservative - only _____! (Gen-Deut)

•More known for what they _____ than what they _____.

•Denied a _____, angels, _____, and the Oral Tradition (teachings that resulted

from a study of Torah).

A Few Passages...

PHARISEES

•One of two main parties

- •Name means "_____"
- Main goal: Strict ______

•Saw it as their job to ______ the Law (God's word) and keep it _____

•_____ among the Jewish people (influence)

•Resisted outside beliefs

•Placed a high value on strict _____ observance (food laws, etc) - led to a sense of

_____ over "common" Jews

•TEACHINGS OF THE PHARISEES

•Twofold Law: The ______ and the _____ Tradition (that resulted from a study of the Torah)

•"_____"—rules that would protect people from breaking the Law

SCRIBES

- · Professional students and guardians of the Law and traditions
- Worked out _____ of God's Law for all occasions.
- Example: "Don't work on the Sabbath"

A Few Passages...

ESSENES

•"______" •Very strict group requirements •Characterized by _____ from the world •Lived in the _____ near the _____ •Strict discipline and purity •Rejected the activities of _____ (corrupt) •Rejected people _____ of their community •Saw themselves as the "_____" •Committed to the diligent ______ and a strict adherence to the Law (even more strict than the _____) •Responsible for the _____ (found in 1947) •Mindset: "_____" •Waiting for ______ - priestly Messiah of Aaron and Messiah of Israel •Waiting for ______ between the Sons of Light (them) and the Sons of Darkness (everybody else) when God would vindicate their faithfulness. ZEALOTS •_____ fighters •Sicarii or "_____" (a splinter cell of zealots) •Religiously motivated patriots / ______ - the people of God should not be subject to

•Motto: "_____"

•Refused to accept Roman rule and pushed to ______ in Palestine

•Refused to _____ to Rome

Initiated several ______ - willing to get violent if needed

Apocalyptic mindset

•Mindset: "_____"

ADDITIONAL NOTES: